SENATE BILL No. 305

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 20-26-11-9; IC 20-50; IC 31-9-2; IC 31-33-18-2; IC 31-34; IC 31-37; IC 35-46-1-9.

Synopsis: Department of child services matters. Adds: (1) human or sexual trafficking offenses; (2) sexual battery against a child; (3) vicarious sexual gratification offenses; (4) child solicitation; (5) patronizing a prostitute; and (6) promoting prostitution; to the list of offenses under which a child victim may be designated as a child in need of services. Removes the requirement that a delinquent child must be removed from the home in order to enter an informal adjustment. Allows any court with jurisdiction over a child in an adoption matter to approve excess payments for costs incurred by the birth mother. Adds a definition of foster care. Amends the deadline for the department of child services (department) to notify a school corporation that a child in foster care will attend a school to September 1. Repeals language regarding foster care review boards. Adds missing Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children language. Adds the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children to the entities with which the department may share assessment reports.

Effective: July 1, 2016.

Head

January 6, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Family & Children Services.



Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 305

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 20-26-11-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.131-2009,
2	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to each student:
4	(1) described in section 8(a) of this chapter;
5	(2) who is placed in a home or facility in Indiana that is outside
6	the school corporation where the student has legal settlement; and
7	(3) for which the state is not obligated to pay transfer tuition.
8	(b) Not later than ten (10) days after the department of child
9	services or a probation department places or changes the placement of
10	a student, the department of child services or probation department that
11	placed the student shall notify the school corporation where the student
12	has legal settlement and the school corporation where the student will
13	attend school of the placement or change of placement. Before June 30
14	September 1 of each year, the department of child services or a
15	probation department that places a student in a home or facility shall

notify the school corporation where a student has legal settlement and

the school corporation in which a student will attend school if a



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1	student's placement will continue for the ensuing school year. The
2	notifications required under this subsection must be made by:
3	(1) the department of child services, if the child is a child in need
4	of services; or
5	(2) if subdivision (1) does not apply, the court or other agency
6	making the placement.
7	SECTION 2. IC 20-50-2-1.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2016]: Sec. 1.1. As used in this chapter, "foster care" has the
10	meaning set forth in IC 31-9-2-46.7.
11	SECTION 3. IC 20-50-3-1.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
13	1, 2016]: Sec. 1.1. As used in this chapter, "foster care" has the
14	meaning set forth in IC 31-9-2-46.7.
15	SECTION 4. IC 31-9-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.48-2012,
16	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 14. (a) "Child abuse or neglect", for purposes of
18	IC 31-32-11-1, IC 31-33, IC 31-34-7-4, and IC 31-39-8-4, refers to a
19	child described in IC 31-34-1-1 through IC 31-34-1-5 and
20	IC 31-34-1-8 through IC 31-34-1-11, regardless of whether the child
21	needs care, treatment, rehabilitation, or the coercive intervention of a
22	court.
23	(b) For purposes of subsection (a), the term under subsection (a)
24	does not refer to a child who is alleged to be a victim of a sexual
25	offense under IC 35-42-4-3 unless the alleged offense under
26	IC 35-42-4-3 involves the fondling or touching of the buttocks,
27	genitals, or female breasts, regardless of whether the child needs care,
28	treatment, rehabilitation, or the coercive intervention of a court.
29	(c) "Child abuse or neglect", for purposes of IC 31-34-2.3, refers to
30	acts or omissions by a person against a child as described in
31	IC 31-34-1-1 through IC 31-34-1-9, IC 31-34-1-11, regardless of
32	whether the child needs care, treatment, rehabilitation, or the coercive
33	intervention of a court.
34	SECTION 5. IC 31-9-2-133.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
35	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 133.1. "Victim of human or
37	sexual trafficking", for purposes of IC 31-34-1-3.5, refers to a child
38	who is recruited, harbored, transported, or engaged in:
39	(1) forced labor;
40	(2) involuntary servitude;
41	(3) prostitution;
42	(4) child exploitation, as defined in IC 35-42-4-4(b);



1	(5) marriage, unless authorized by a court under
2	IC 31-11-1-6; or
3	(6) trafficking for the purpose of prostitution or participation
4	in sexual conduct as defined in IC 35-42-4-4(a)(4).
5	SECTION 6. IC 31-33-18-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2014,
6	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. The reports and other material described in
8	section 1(a) of this chapter and the unredacted reports and other
9	material described in section 1(b) of this chapter shall be made
10	available only to the following:
11	(1) Persons authorized by this article.
12	(2) A legally mandated public or private child protective agency
13	investigating a report of child abuse or neglect or treating a child
14	or family that is the subject of a report or record.
15	(3) Any of the following who are investigating a report of a child
16	who may be a victim of child abuse or neglect:
17	(A) A police officer or other law enforcement agency.
18	(B) A prosecuting attorney.
19	(C) A coroner, in the case of the death of a child.
20	(4) A physician who has before the physician a child whom the
21	physician reasonably suspects may be a victim of child abuse or
22	neglect.
23	(5) An individual legally authorized to place a child in protective
24	custody if:
25	(A) the individual has before the individual a child whom the
26	individual reasonably suspects may be a victim of abuse or
27	neglect; and
28	(B) the individual requires the information in the report or
29	record to determine whether to place the child in protective
30	custody.
31	(6) An agency having the legal responsibility or authorization to
32	care for, treat, or supervise a child who is the subject of a report
33	or record or a parent, guardian, custodian, or other person who is
34	responsible for the child's welfare.
35	(7) An individual named in the report or record who is alleged to
36	be abused or neglected or, if the individual named in the report is
37	a child or is otherwise incompetent, the individual's guardian ad
38	litem or the individual's court appointed special advocate, or both.
39	(8) Each parent, guardian, custodian, or other person responsible
40	for the welfare of a child named in a report or record and an
41	attorney of the person described under this subdivision, with



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protection for the identity of reporters and other appropriate

1	individuals.
2	(9) A court, for redaction of the record in accordance with section
3	1.5 of this chapter, or upon the court's finding that access to the
4	records may be necessary for determination of an issue before the
5	court. However, except for disclosure of a redacted record in
6	accordance with section 1.5 of this chapter, access is limited to in
7	camera inspection unless the court determines that public
8	disclosure of the information contained in the records is necessary
9	for the resolution of an issue then pending before the court.
0	(10) A grand jury upon the grand jury's determination that access
1	to the records is necessary in the conduct of the grand jury's
2	official business.
3	(11) An appropriate state or local official responsible for child
4	protection services or legislation carrying out the official's official
5	functions.
6	(12) A foster eare review board established by a juvenile court
7	under IC 31-34-21-9 (or IC 31-6-4-19 before its repeal) upon the
8	court's determination that access to the records is necessary to
9	enable the foster care review board to carry out the board's
.0	purpose under IC 31-34-21.
21	(13) (12) The community child protection team appointed under
	IC 31-33-3 (or IC 31-6-11-14 before its repeal), upon request, to
22	enable the team to carry out the team's purpose under IC 31-33-3.
.4	(14) (13) A person about whom a report has been made, with
2.5	protection for the identity of:
2.6	(A) any person reporting known or suspected child abuse or
.7	neglect; and
28	(B) any other person if the person or agency making the
.9	information available finds that disclosure of the information
0	would be likely to endanger the life or safety of the person.
1	(15) (14) An employee of the department, a caseworker, or a
2	juvenile probation officer conducting a criminal history check
3	under IC 31-26-5, IC 31-34, or IC 31-37 to determine the
4	appropriateness of an out-of-home placement for a:
5	(A) child at imminent risk of placement;
66	(B) child in need of services; or
57	(C) delinquent child.
8	The results of a criminal history check conducted under this
9	subdivision must be disclosed to a court determining the
0	placement of a child described in clauses (A) through (C).
-1	(16) (15) A local child fatality review team established under
-2	IC 16-49-2.



1	(17) (16) The statewide child fatality review committee
2	established by IC 16-49-4.
3	(18) (17) The department.
4	(19) (18) The division of family resources, if the investigation
5	report:
6	(A) is classified as substantiated; and
7	(B) concerns:
8	(i) an applicant for a license to operate;
9	(ii) a person licensed to operate;
10	(iii) an employee of; or
11	(iv) a volunteer providing services at;
12	a child care center licensed under IC 12-17.2-4 or a child care
13	home licensed under IC 12-17.2-5.
14	(20) (19) A citizen review panel established under
15	IC 31-25-2-20.4.
16	(21) (20) The department of child services ombudsman
17	established by IC 4-13-19-3.
18	(22) (21) The state superintendent of public instruction with
19	protection for the identity of:
20	(A) any person reporting known or suspected child abuse or
21	neglect; and
22	(B) any other person if the person or agency making the
23	information available finds that disclosure of the information
24	would be likely to endanger the life or safety of the person.
25	(23) (22) The state child fatality review coordinator employed by
26	the state department of health under IC 16-49-5-1.
27	(24) (23) A person who operates a child caring institution, group
28	home, or secure private facility if all the following apply:
29	(A) The child caring institution, group home, or secure private
30	facility is licensed under IC 31-27.
31	(B) The report or other materials concern:
32	(i) an employee of;
33	(ii) a volunteer providing services at; or
34	(iii) a child placed at;
35	the child caring institution, group home, or secure private
36	facility.
37	(C) The allegation in the report occurred at the child caring
38	institution, group home, or secure private facility.
39	(25) (24) A person who operates a child placing agency if all the
40	following apply:
41	(A) The child placing agency is licensed under IC 31-27.
42	(B) The report or other materials concern:



1	(i) a child placed in a foster home licensed by the child
2	placing agency;
3	(ii) a person licensed by the child placing agency to operate
4	a foster family home;
5	(iii) an employee of the child placing agency or a foster
6	family home licensed by the child placing agency; or
7	(iv) a volunteer providing services at the child placing
8	agency or a foster family home licensed by the child placing
9	agency.
10	(C) The allegations in the report occurred in the foster family
11	home or in the course of employment or volunteering at the
12	child placing agency or foster family home.
13	(25) The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.
14	SECTION 7. IC 31-34-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.168-2014,
15	SECTION 43, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. (a) A child is a child in need of services if,
17	before the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age:
18	(1) the child is the victim of $\frac{1}{2}$ sex an offense under:
19	(A) IC 35-42-4-1;
20	(B) IC 35-42-4-2 (before its repeal);
21	(C) IC 35-42-4-3;
22	(D) IC 35-42-4-4;
23	(E) IC 35-42-4-5;
24	(F) IC 35-42-4-6;
25	(E) (G) IC 35-42-4-7;
26	(H) IC 35-42-4-8;
27	(F) (I) IC 35-42-4-9;
28	(G) (J) IC 35-45-4-1;
29	(H) (K) IC 35-45-4-2;
30	(L) IC 35-45-4-3;
31	(M) IC 35-45-4-4;
32	(I) (N) IC 35-46-1-3; or
33	(1) (O) the law of another jurisdiction, including a military
34	court, that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses
35	listed in clauses (A) through (I); (N); and
36	(2) the child needs care, treatment, or rehabilitation that:
37	(A) the child is not receiving; and
38	(B) is unlikely to be provided or accepted without the coercive
39	intervention of the court.
40	(b) A child is a child in need of services if, before the child becomes
41	eighteen (18) years of age:
42	(1) the child lives:



1	(A) in the same household as another child who is the victim
2	of a sex an offense under:
3	(A) (i) IC 35-42-4-1;
4	(B) (ii) IC 35-42-4-2 (before its repeal);
5	(C) (iii) IC 35-42-4-3;
6	(D) (iv) IC 35-42-4-4;
7	(v) IC 35-42-4-5;
8	(vi) IC 35-42-4-6;
9	(E) (vii) IC 35-42-4-7;
10	(viii) IC 35-42-4-8;
11	(F) (ix) IC 35-42-4-9;
12	(G) (x) IC 35-45-4-1;
13	(H) (xi) IC 35-45-4-2;
14	(xii) IC 35-45-4-3;
15	(xiii) IC 35-45-4-4;
16	(1) (xiv) IC 35-46-1-3; or
17	(J) (xv) the law of another jurisdiction, including a military
18	court, that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses
19	listed in clauses (A) items (i) through (I); (xiv); or
20	(2) the child lives (B) in the same household as the adult who:
21	(A) (i) committed the sex offense under subdivision (1)
22	clause A and the sex offense resulted in a conviction or a
23	judgment under IC 31-34-11-2; or
24	(B) (ii) has been charged with a sex an offense listed in
25	subdivision (1) clause (A) and is awaiting trial;
26	(3) (2) the child needs care, treatment, or rehabilitation that:
27	(A) the child is not receiving; and
28	(B) is unlikely to be provided or accepted without the coercive
29	intervention of the court; and
30	(4) (3) a caseworker assigned to provide services to the child:
31	(A) places the child in a program of informal adjustment or
32	other family or rehabilitative services based upon the existence
33	of the circumstances described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
34	subdivision (1) and the assigned caseworker subsequently
35	determines further intervention is necessary; or
36	(B) determines that a program of informal adjustment or other
37	family or rehabilitative services is inappropriate.
38	SECTION 8. IC 31-34-1-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
39	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
40	1, 2016]: Sec. 3.5. (a) A child is a child in need of services if, before
41	the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age:
42	(1) the child is a victim of human or sexual trafficking (as



1	defined in IC 31-9-2-133.1); and
2	(2) the child needs care, treatment, or rehabilitation that:
3	(A) the child is not receiving; and
4	(B) is unlikely to be provided or accepted without the
5	coercive intervention of the court.
6	(b) A child is considered a victim of human or sexual trafficking
7	regardless of whether the child consented to the conduct described
8	in subsection (a)(1).
9	SECTION 9. IC 31-34-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. A person who is
11	accused of committing child abuse or neglect is entitled under
12	IC 31-33-18-2(14) IC 31-33-18-2(13) to access to a report relevant to
13	an alleged accusation.
14	SECTION 10. IC 31-34-10-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.234-2005,
15	SECTION 180, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. Before complying with the other
17	requirements of this chapter, the juvenile court shall first determine
18	whether the following conditions make it appropriate to appoint a
19	guardian ad litem or a court appointed special advocate, or both, for the
20	child:
21	(1) If the child is alleged to be a child in need of services:
22	(A) under IC 31-34-1-6;
23 24 25	(B) under IC 31-34-1-10 or IC 31-34-1-11;
24	(C) due to the inability, refusal, or neglect of the child's parent,
25	guardian, or custodian to supply the child with the necessary
26	medical care; or
27	(D) because the location of both of the child's parents is
28	unknown;
29	the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem or court appointed
30	special advocate, or both, for the child.
31	(2) If the child is alleged to be a child in need of services under:
32	(A) IC 31-34-1-1;
33	(B) IC 31-34-1-2;
34	(C) IC 31-34-1-3;
35	(D) IC 31-34-1-3.5;
36	(D) (E) IC 31-34-1-4;
37	(E) (F) IC 31-34-1-5;
38	(F) (G) IC 31-34-1-7; or
39	(G) (H) IC 31-34-1-8;
40	the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem, court appointed
41	special advocate, or both, for the child.
42	(3) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of a child denies the



1	allegations of a petition under section 6 of this chapter, the court
2	shall appoint a guardian ad litem, court appointed special
3	advocate, or both, for the child.
4	SECTION 11. IC 31-34-10-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. Except if a petition
6	is filed under IC 31-34-1-6 or IC 31-34-1-3.5, the juvenile court shall
7	determine whether the parent, guardian, or custodian admits or denies
8	the allegations of the petition. A failure to respond constitutes a denial.
9	SECTION 12. IC 31-34-10-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. If a petition alleges
11	that the child is a child in need of services under IC 31-34-1-6 or
12	IC 31-34-1-3.5, the juvenile court shall determine whether the child
13	admits or denies the allegations. A failure to respond constitutes a
14	denial.
15	SECTION 13. IC 31-34-12-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4.5. (a) There is a
17	rebuttable presumption that a child is a child in need of services if the
18	state establishes that:
19	(1) another child in the same household is the victim of:
20	(A) a sex an offense described in IC 31-34-1-3; or
21	(B) an offense described in IC 31-34-1-3.5; and
22	(2) the sex offense described in IC 31-34-1-3 or IC 31-34-1-3.5:
23	(A) was committed by an adult who lives in the household
24	with the child; and
25	(B) resulted in a conviction of the adult or a judgment under
26	IC 31-34-11-2 as it relates to the child against whom the sex
27	offense was committed.
28	(b) The following may not be used as grounds to rebut the
29	presumption under subsection (a):
30	(1) The child who is the victim of:
31	(A) the sex an offense described in IC 31-34-1-3; or
32	(B) an offense described in IC 31-34-1-3.5;
33	is not genetically related to the adult who committed the act, but
34	the child presumed to be the child in need of services under this
35	section is genetically related to the adult who committed the act.
36	(2) The child who is the victim of:
37	(A) the sex an offense described in IC 31-34-1-3; or
38	(B) an offense described in IC 31-34-1-3.5;
39	differs in age from the child presumed to be the child in need of
40	services under this section.
41	(c) This section does not affect the ability to take a child into
42	custody or emergency custody under IC 31-34-2 if the act of taking the



1	child into custody or emergency custody is not based upon a
2	presumption established under this section. However, if the
3	presumption established under this section is the sole basis for taking
4	a child into custody or emergency custody under IC 31-34-2, the court
5	first must find cause to take the child into custody or emergency
6	custody following a hearing in which the parent, guardian, or custodian
7	of the child is accorded the rights described in IC 31-34-4-6(a)(2)
8	through IC 31-34-4-6(a)(5).
9	SECTION 14. IC 31-34-20-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.104-2015,
10	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to this section and section 1.5 of this
12	chapter, if a child is a child in need of services, the juvenile court may
13	enter one (1) or more of the following dispositional decrees:
14	(1) Order supervision of the child by the department.
15	(2) Order the child to receive outpatient treatment:
16	(A) at a social service agency or a psychological, a psychiatric,
17	a medical, or an educational facility; or
18	(B) from an individual practitioner.
19	(3) Remove the child from the child's home and authorize the
20	department to place the child in another home, shelter care
21	facility, child caring institution, group home, or secure private
22	facility. Placement under this subdivision includes authorization
23	to control and discipline the child.
24	(4) Award wardship of the child to the department for
25	supervision, care, and placement.
26	(5) Partially or completely emancipate the child under section 6
27	of this chapter.
28	(6) Order the child's parent, guardian, or custodian to complete
29	services recommended by the department and approved by the
30	court under IC 31-34-16, IC 31-34-18, and IC 31-34-19.
31	(7) Order a person who is a party to refrain from direct or indirect
32	contact with the child.
33	(8) Order a perpetrator of child abuse or neglect to refrain from
34	returning to the child's residence.
35	(b) A juvenile court may not place a child in a home or facility that
36	is located outside Indiana unless:
37	(1) the placement is recommended or approved by the director of
38	the department or the director's designee; or
39	(2) the juvenile court makes written findings based on clear and

convincing evidence that:



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(A) the out-of-state placement is appropriate because there is

not a comparable facility with adequate services located in

1	Indiana;
2	(B) institutional care in the other jurisdiction is in the best
3	interest of the child and will not produce undue hardship;
4	or
5	(B) (C) the location of the home or facility is within a distance
6	not greater than fifty (50) miles from the county of residence
7	of the child.
8	(c) If a dispositional decree under this section:
9	(1) orders or approves removal of a child from the child's home or
10	awards wardship of the child to the department; and
11	(2) is the first juvenile court order in the child in need of services
12	proceeding that authorizes or approves removal of the child from
13	the child's parent, guardian, or custodian;
14	the juvenile court shall include in the decree the appropriate findings
15	and conclusions described in IC 31-34-5-3(b) and IC 31-34-5-3(c).
16	SECTION 15. IC 31-34-21-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
17	1,2016]. Sec. 9. (a) The juvenile court may assign cases to a foster care
18	review board established by the court to assist the court in reviewing
19	foster care placements.
20	(b) The foster care review board shall review a foster care
21	placement at the juvenile court's request and shall file a report,
22	including findings and recommendations with the court.
23	(c) If the juvenile court believes the contents of a confidential report
24	or document would benefit the review board, the court may provide the
25	review board with an order authorizing disclosure of the document to
26	the review board. The review board may not disclose the contents of a
27	confidential report or document to any person who is not allowed
28	disclosure by the court or by statute.
29	SECTION 16. IC 31-37-9-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
30	SECTION 629, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 1. (a) After the preliminary inquiry
32	and upon approval by the juvenile court, the intake officer may
33	implement a program of informal adjustment if the officer has probable
34	cause to believe that the child is a delinquent child. and the child is not
35	removed from the child's home.
36	(b) If the program of informal adjustment includes services
37	requiring payment by the department under IC 31-40-1, the intake
38	officer shall submit a copy of the proposed program to the department
39	before submitting it to the juvenile court for approval. Upon receipt of
40	the proposed program, the department may submit its comments and
41	recommendations, if any, to the intake officer and the juvenile court.

SECTION 17. IC 31-37-19-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,



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1	SECTION 649, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. (a) A juvenile court may not
3	place a child who is a delinquent child under IC 31-37-2 in a shelter
4	care facility that is located outside the child's county of residence
5	unless:
6	(1) placement of the child in a shelter care facility with adequate
7	services located in the child's county of residence is unavailable;
8	or
9	(2) the child's county of residence does not have an appropriate
10	shelter care facility with adequate services.
11	(b) A juvenile court may not place a child in a home or facility that
12	is not a secure detention facility and that is located outside Indiana
13	unless:
14	(1) the placement is recommended or approved by the director of
15	the department or the director's designee; or
16	(2) the court makes written findings based on clear and
17	convincing evidence that:
18	(A) the out-of-state placement is appropriate because there is
19	not a comparable facility with adequate services located in
20	Indiana;
21	(B) institutional care in the other jurisdiction is in the best
22	interest of the child and will not produce undue hardship;
23	or
24	(B) (C) the location of the home or facility is within a distance
25	not more than fifty (50) miles from the county of residence of
26	the child.
27	SECTION 18. IC 31-37-20-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
28	1,2016]. Sec. 5. (a) The juvenile court may assign cases to a foster care
29	review board established by the court to assist the court in reviewing
30	foster care placements. The board shall:
31	(1) review a foster care placement at the juvenile court's request;
32	and
33	(2) file a report, including findings and recommendations, with
34	the court.
35	(b) If the juvenile court believes the contents of a confidential report
36	or document would benefit the review board, the court may provide the
37	review board with an order authorizing disclosure of the document to
38	the review board. The review board may not disclose the contents of a
39	confidential report or document to a person who is not allowed
40	disclosure by the court or by statute.
41	SECTION 19. IC 35-46-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,

SECTION 555, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS



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1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in
2	subsection (b), a person who, with respect to an adoption, transfers or
3	receives any property in connection with the waiver of parental rights,
4	the termination of parental rights, the consent to adoption, or the
5	petition for adoption commits profiting from an adoption, a Level 6
6	felony.
7	(b) This section does not apply to the transfer or receipt of:
8	(1) reasonable attorney's fees;
9	(2) hospital and medical expenses concerning childbirth and
10	pregnancy incurred by the adopted person's birth mother;
11	(3) reasonable charges and fees levied by a child placing agency
12	licensed under IC 31-27 or the department of child services;
13	(4) reasonable expenses for psychological counseling relating to
14	adoption incurred by the adopted person's birth parents;
15	(5) reasonable costs of housing, utilities, and phone service for the
16	adopted person's birth mother during the second or third trimester
17	of pregnancy and not more than six (6) weeks after childbirth;
18	(6) reasonable costs of maternity clothing for the adopted person's
19	birth mother;
20	(7) reasonable travel expenses incurred by the adopted person's
21	birth mother that relate to the pregnancy or adoption;
22	(8) any additional itemized necessary living expenses for the
23	adopted person's birth mother during the second or third trimester
24	of pregnancy and not more than six (6) weeks after childbirth, not
25	listed in subdivisions (5) through (7) in an amount not to exceed
26	one thousand dollars (\$1,000); or
27	(9) other charges and fees approved by the court supervising the
28	adoption, including reimbursement of not more than actual wages
29	lost as a result of the inability of the adopted person's birth mother
30	to work at her regular, existing employment due to a medical
31	condition, excluding a psychological condition, if:
32	(A) the attending physician of the adopted person's birth
33	mother has ordered or recommended that the adopted person's
34	birth mother discontinue her employment; and
35	(B) the medical condition and its direct relationship to the
36	pregnancy of the adopted person's birth mother are
37	documented by her attending physician.
38	In determining the amount of reimbursable lost wages, if any, that are

reasonably payable to the adopted person's birth mother under

subdivision (9), the court shall offset against the reimbursable lost

wages any amounts paid to the adopted person's birth mother under

subdivisions (5) and (8) and any unemployment compensation received



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by or owed to the adopted person's birth mother.

- (c) Except as provided in this subsection, payments made under subsection (b)(5) through (b)(9) may not exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) and must be disclosed to the court supervising the adoption. The amounts paid under subsection (b)(5) through (b)(9) may exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) to the extent that a court in Indiana with jurisdiction over the child who is the subject of the adoption approves the expenses after determining that:
 - (1) the expenses are not being offered as an inducement to proceed with an adoption; and
 - (2) failure to make the payments may seriously jeopardize the health of either the child or the mother of the child and the direct relationship is documented by a licensed social worker or the attending physician.
- (d) The payment limitation under subsection (c) applies to the total amount paid under subsection (b)(5) through (b)(9) in connection with an adoption from all prospective adoptive parents, attorneys, and licensed child placing agencies.
- (e) An attorney or licensed child placing agency shall inform a birth mother of the penalties for committing adoption deception under section 9.5 of this chapter before the attorney or agency transfers a payment for adoption related expenses under subsection (b) in relation to the birth mother.
- (f) The limitations in this section apply regardless of the state or country in which the adoption is finalized.

